Course Title	Special issues in Hellenic Studies: Archaeology and Art					
Course Code	HES631					
Course Type	Elective					
Level	Master (2 nd cyc	cle)				
Year / Semester	1st Year / 2nd S 2nd Year / 3rd S					
Teacher's Name	The teacher wi					Il period to be covered by
ECTS	10	Lectures /	N/A	Laborator	ries /	<u>Optional</u>
		week		week		In-situ visits to museums and/or archaeological/historical sites
Course Purpose and Objectives	The course focuses on the analysis and presentation of a specific topic related to Greek Archaeology and Art. This topic will be selected every semester, it is expected to have a direct or an indirect relationship with history issues and will be of topical character i.e. • Themes of Ancient Greek Art and Archaeology • Themes of Byzantine Art and Archaeology • Themes of Modern and Contemporary Greek Art (see attached indicative syllabi)					
Learning Outcomes	Upon successful completion of this course students should be able to:					
	identify and explain the objectives of the course as defined by the selected teacher.					
Prerequisites	HES610, HES6	611, HES612	Co-requisite	s	None)
Course Content	The content of the course will be determined by the selected teacher. Objectives and directions will be set in cooperation with the Coordinator.					
Teaching Methodology	Distance Learning					

	presentations and coursework essays, small-group tutorials, Formative feedback on coursework, Independent study and guided research, Class discussion and advance preparation of set work for classes, Unseen examinations, Presenting and discussing texts, ideas, and cultural context, visiting museums, monuments and cultural heritage sites, commenting on publications of archaeological material).				
Bibliography	The bibliography will be drawn by the selected teacher on the basis of the content of the specific topic of topical character to be determined every semester.				
Assessment	Examinations 50% On-going evaluation 50% Students may choose to present a written assignment related to the in-situ visits to museums and/or archaeological/historical sites [it corresponds to 30% of the on-going evaluation].				
Language	English				

Special issues in Hellenic Studies

Course Title	Themes of Ancient Greek Art and Archaeology					
Course Code						
Course Type	Elective					
Level	Master (2 nd cyc	le)				
Year / Semester	1st Year / 2nd So 2nd / 3rd Semes					
Teacher's Name	TBA					
ECTS	10	Lectures / week	N/A	Laboratories / week	Optional In-situ visits to museums and/or archaeological/historical sites	
Course Purpose and Objectives	This course focuses on Ancient Greek art and archaeology (including temples, sculpture and pottery) from prehistory to the so-called Greco-Roman period. It addresses the principles, ideology and characteristics of the prehistoric, Geometric, Archaic, Classical, Hellenistic and Greco-Roman art and archaeology in relation to the historical and literary context. Since the arts reflect the society that creates them, the Ancient Greek arts emphasised the importance and accomplishments of the city and/or the individual, idealising the ability of humans to achieve excellence and reaching one's full potential. Via their artistic and architectural achievements, Ancient Greeks would honour the Gods, their cities and themselves. Art and architecture were a great source of pride for citizens. Works of art (statues and vases) and architecture (temples, public buildings and palaces) dominated large parts of a city, such as the acropolis, the agora, and public places. Sanctuaries and cemeteries were also places to exhibit art and architecture as signs of a man's authority, city's power and respect/thankfulness to the					
Learning Outcomes	 architecture as signs of a man's authority, city's power and respect/thankfulness to the Gods. Upon successful completion of this course, students should be able to: Evaluate the importance of the historical/cultural context of art as well as the archaeological record in general. Review the main chronological and cultural stages in Greece from prehistoric times up to the Roman period. Define the main cultural achievements of Neolithic civilisation in Greece. evaluate the importance of the Bronze Age cultures in the Aegean (e.g. Cycladic, Minoan, Mycenaean culture) and of their art and Archaeology. Discuss the hiatus and the Archaeology of the so-called Dark Ages. 					

	 analyse the cultural sequence of Greek historical antiquity, from the Geometric to the Roman period. Examine the main fields of study of classical Archaeology (e.g. architecture, pottery, sculpture, metalworking). Demonstrate an ability to write academic essays applying critical thinking and using relevant literature and other scientific/academic sources. Proceed to the 3rd semester courses of the MA in Hellenic Studies with a strong background in terms of knowledge, theoretical bases and academic skills. Practise independent critical thought, rational inquiry and self-directed learning. Demonstrate the ability to communicate knowledge to a public consisting of specialists or laypersons, making use of various modes of communication. Develop skills in organization, research and analysis that will be highly prized in any field of work. Compose academic essays applying critical thought and using relevant literature and other scientific/academic sources. 				
Prerequisites	HES610, HES611, HES612	Co-requisites	None		
Course Content	 geography and topography of the Greek mainland and the Aegean world. Origins of the Greek language and Civilisation. Systematic chronological overview of the main cultural stages in mainland Greece and the Aegean from the Palaeolithic to historical antiquity. Archaeology and art of Neolithic Greece. Archaeology and art of Bronze Age Greece. Archaeology and art of Iron Age Greece. Classical architecture, pottery and sculpture: overview of the main features and classifications. 				
Teaching Methodology	Distance Learning • (Lectures on distance education platform, student-led presentations, online material – websites, audio/video media clips – interactive activities such as online quizzes, presentation of external/third party material online, commentaries and interpretation of material sources, dissertation, oral presentations and coursework essays through the platform, small-group tutorials, formative feedback on coursework, independent study and guided research, discussions and advance preparation of set work for platform meetings, unseen examinations, presenting and discussing texts, ideas, and cultural context).				
Bibliography	Blackwell. • Cline, E.H. (ed.) 201 Oxford University Pres	0. Oxford Handbook of its. Aegean Prehistory: A Revi	ssical Archaeology. Malden, MA: the Aegean Bronze Age. Oxford: iew (AJA Supplement 1). Boston:		

	 Dickinson O.T.P.K. 1994. The Aegean Bronze Age. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press. Hölscher, T.2002. Klassische Archäologie: Grundwissen. Stuttgart: Theiss. Plantzos, D. 2016. Greek Art and Archaeology, 1200-30 BC. Atlanta: LockwoodPress. Preziosi, D. and L.A. Hitchcock 1999. Aegean Art and Architecture. Oxford: Oxford University Press. Whitley, J. 2001. The archaeology of Ancient Greece. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press. Various online resources, journals and periodicals, such as the Dartmouth Aegean Prehistoric Archaeology, The Princeton Encyclopedia of Classical Sites, Nestor Bibliography, Athenian Agora Excavations, etc.
Assessment	Examinations 50% On-going evaluation 50% Students may choose to present a written assignment related to the in-situ visits to museums and/or archaeological/historical sites [it corresponds to 30% of the on-going evaluation].
Language	English

Course Title	Themes of Byzantine Art and Archaeology					
Course Code						
Course Type	Elective	Elective				
Level	Master (2 nd cyc	ele)				
Year / Semester	1st Year / 2nd S 2nd / 3rd Semes					
Teacher's Name	ТВА					
ECTS	10 Lectures / week N/A Laboratories / week In-situ visits to museums and/or archaeological/historical sites					
Course Purpose and Objectives	This course takes students through the fascinating world of Byzantine art and archaeology from ca. 300 to the Ottoman conquest of Constantinople in 1453. By focusing on key themes of Byzantine art and archaeology (including iconography, architecture, topography and aesthetics), it captures the main social, economic and ideological elements that shaped the transformation of pre-Christian Mediterranean heritage, leading to the emergence of a unique synthesis that combined the impetus of the Hellenic and Roman culture with Christian spirituality. This provides a kaleidoscopic view of the complex development of the main characteristics of Byzantine art and material culture. The course also deepens the students' perspective by placing Byzantine artistic production within its broader geographical context, thus					
Learning Outcomes	 by placing Byzantine artistic production within its broader geographical context, thus tracing its enduring influence from the Slavic world to the Italian Renaissance masters. Upon successful completion of this course, students should be able to: Analyse and evaluate the importance of historical context in the examination of artistic production and material culture Define and interpret the distinctive characteristics of Byzantine art and material culture Review the main phases and fields of Byzantine art from the Late Roman to the Late Byzantine period Evaluate the influence of Byzantine art beyond the borders of Byzantium Practise independent critical thought, rational inquiry and self-directed learning. Demonstrate the ability to communicate knowledge to a public consisting of specialists or laypersons, making use of various modes of communication. Develop skills in organization, research and analysis that will be highly prized in any field of work. 					

Compose academic essays applying critical thought and using relevant literature and other scientific/academic sources.					
HES610, HES611, HES612	Co-requisites	None			
 Byzantine aesthetics and its roots (i.e., Ancient Greek philosophy, Judaism and Christian theology) topography of Byzantine cities in relation to social developments systematic chronological overview of the main phases of Byzantine art from the Late Roman period, and through the crisis of Iconoclasm, to the Komnenean revival and the Palaiologan Renaissance Byzantine iconography (including icons, mural paintings and mosaics) Byzantine church architecture archaeology of everyday life in Byzantium 					
Distance Learning					
(Lectures on distance education platform, student-led presentations, online material – websites, audio/video media clips – interactive activities such as online quizzes presentation of external/third party material online, commentaries and interpretation of material sources, dissertation, oral presentations and coursework essays through the platform, small-group tutorials, formative feedback on coursework, independent study and guided research, discussions and advance preparation of set work for platform meetings, unseen examinations, presenting and discussing texts, ideas, and cultural context).					
 Χαραλαμπίδης (Αθή BryerA. A. M. και He Spring Symposium of 1975 (Birmingham, 1975 (Birmingham, 1975 (Birmingham, 1975 (Birmingham, 1975 (Birmingham, 1975 (Birmingham, 1975 (Cormack R., Byzanti) Cormack R., Byzanti DelvoyeCh., H Buζα Elsner E., Art and the Pagan World to Chrit Hatzaki M., Beauty a Representations in A Representations in A Kazhdan A. P. et al. York—Oxford, 1991) Mango C., The Art of documents (Toronto Kαλοπίση-Βέρτη Σεικονογραφημένο λεικονογραφημένο λεικονογραφημένο	να, 1999) errinJ. (εκδ.), Iconoclasm. of Byzantine Studies, Univ. 1977) εινή πόλη, μτφ Κ. Δασκαλ ene art (Oxford, 2000) εντινή Τέχνη, Μ. Β. Παπαδ e Roman Viewer: the Traistianity (Cambridge, 1995 and the Male Body in Byza ext and Text (New York, 2) (εκδ.), The Oxford Diction f the Byzantine Empire, 3 –Buffalo–London, 1986) εκαι Παναγιωτίδη-Κεσ εξικό όρων Βυζαντινής	Papers given at the Ninth versity of Birmingham, March άκη (Αθήνα, 2009) δάκη (Αθήνα, 2013) Insformation of Art from the solution. Perceptions and 1009) ary of Byzantium, 3 τόμοι (New 12–1453: sources and 15ογλου (εκδ.), Πολύγλωσσο Αρχιτεκτονικής και Γλυπτικής			
[() \ F	 Byzantine aesthetics and Christian theologe topography of Byzander systematic chronology the Late Roman phe Komnenean revival and Engraphic Engrap	 Byzantine aesthetics and its roots (i.e., Ancia and Christian theology) topography of Byzantine cities in relation to so systematic chronological overview of the main the Late Roman period, and through the Komnenean revival and the Palaiologan Rena Byzantine iconography (including icons, mura Byzantine church architecture archaeology of everyday life in Byzantium Byzantine art and its influence in Western Eur Distance Learning (Lectures on distance education platform, student-led websites, audio/video media clips – interactive actipresentation of external/third party material online, con material sources, dissertation, oral presentations and platform, small-group tutorials, formative feedback on and guided research, discussions and advance prepimeetings, unseen examinations, presenting and discusciontext). Brychkov V., Βυζαντινή Αισθητική. Θεωρητικό Χαραλαμπίδης (Αθήνα, 1999) BryerA. A. Μ. και Herrin J. (εκδ.), Iconoclasm. Spring Symposium of Byzantine Studies, Univ. 1975 (Birmingham, 1977) ConcinaE., Η βυζαντινή πόλη, μτφ Κ. Δασκαλ Cormack R., Byzantine art (Oxford, 2000) DelvoyeCh., Η Βυζαντινή τέχνη, Μ. Β. Παπαδ Elsner E., Art and the Roman Viewer: the Tran Pagan World to Christianity (Cambridge, 1995) Hatzaki M., Beauty and the Male Body in Byza Representations in Art and Text (New York, 2 Kazhdan A. P. et al. (εκδ.), The Oxford Diction York—Oxford, 1991) Mango C., The Art of the Byzantine Empire, 3 documents (Toronto—Buffalo—London, 1986) Καλοπίση-Βέρτη Σ. και Παναγιωτίδη-Κεσεικονογραφημένο λεξικό όρων Βυζαντινής 			

	 Ουσπένσκυ Λ., Η θεολογία της εικόνας στην Ορθόδοξη Εκκλησία, 2 τόμοι, μτφ Σ. Μαρίνης (Αθήνα, 1993) Παπανικόλα-Μπακιρτζή (εκδ.), Καθημερινή ζωή στο Βυζάντιο (Αθήνα, 2002) Χατζητρύφωνος Ε. και Ćurčić SI. (εκδ.), Η αρχιτεκτονική ως εικόνα: πρόσληψη και αναπαράσταση στη βυζαντινή τέχνη (Θεσσαλονίκη, 2009) 						
Assessment							
		Examinations	50%				
	On-going evaluation 50%						
	Students may choose to present a written assignment related to the in-situ visits to museums and/or archaeological/historical sites [it corresponds to 30% of the on-going evaluation].						
Language	English						

Course Title	Themes of Modern and Contemporary Greek Art					
Course Code						
Course Type	Elective	Elective				
Level	Master (2 nd cyc	cle)				
Year / Semester	1st Year / 2nd S 2nd / 3rd Semes					
Teacher's Name	TBA					
ECTS	10 Lectures / Week N/A Laboratories / Optional In-situ visits to museums and/or archaeological/historical sites					
Course Purpose and Objectives	The course deals with the modern and contemporary Greek art. It aims to cover the origins of Modern Greek Art (from the 16th to the 18th century, Crete and the Ionian islands), the 19th century painting, sculpture and architecture, the first half of the 20th century painting, sculpture and printmaking, and the Greek Art after 1945 including film making and music. Since modern Greek art is the artistic outcome of particular socioeconomic conditions of Greece, as well as external influences, mainly German, French and, in the last decades, American, the course aims to study individual artists and their work, such as sculptors (Halepas, Takis, Papayiannis, etc.), painters (Giorgio de Chirico, Dionysius of Fourna, El Greco, Engonopoulos, Fassianos, Gysis, Hadjikyriakos-Ghikas, Lytras, Moralis, Mpouzianis, Mytaras, Parthenis, Spyropoulos, Tassos, etc.), film directors (Sakellarios, Dalianidis, Angelopoulos, Voulgaris, Kakoyiannis, Gavras, etc.), music composers (Hatzidakis, Theodorakis, Xarxakos, Loizos, etc.) and world-famous singers (such as Maria Callas), as well as numerous					
Learning Outcomes	Loizos, etc.) and world-famous singers (such as Maria Callas), as well as numerous actors, singers, dancers and performers. Upon successful completion of this course, students should be able to: Identify, define, describe, summarize and analyze issues related to the history of art in modern and contemporary Greece (movements, trends, circumstances) Associate, to compare and assess the various influences in the context of contemporary Greek art Identify, explain and analyze the context of the creativity of Greek artists (sculptors, painters, engravers, directors, composers, performers, actors, dancers, singers) Practise independent critical thought, rational inquiry and self-directed learning.					

	 Demonstrate the ability to communicate knowledge to a public consisting of specialists or laypersons, making use of various modes of communication. Develop skills in organization, research and analysis that will be highly prized in any field of work. Compose academic essays applying critical thought and using relevant literature and other scientific/academic sources. 					
Prerequisites	HES610, HES611, HES612	Co-requisites	None			
Course Content Teaching Methodology	 History of art in modern and contemporary Greece (movements, trends, circumstances). 16th up to 18th century: origins of Modern Greek Art. Cretan and Ionian art. 19th century: painting, sculpture and architecture. A half of the 20th century: painting, sculpture, engraving. Greek art after 1945. Influences of contemporary Greek art. Modern Art and European influences. Greek artists (sculptors, painters, engravers, directors, composers, singers, actors, dancers, singers). Distance Learning (Lectures on distance education platform, student-led presentations, online material – websites, audio/video media clips – interactive activities such as online quizzes, 					
	material sources, dissertation, oral presentations and coursework essays through the platform, small-group tutorials, formative feedback on coursework, independent study and guided research, discussions and advance preparation of set work for platform meetings, unseen examinations, presenting and discussing texts, ideas, and cultural context).					
Bibliography	 Tullie House Museum Heusser H.J., Modern Zürich, 1984. Arnheim R., Towards 1966. Freeland C., Art Theol 2003. Gombrich E.H., The Information Gombrich E.H., Art and Gombrich E.H., Art a	Art Gallery Carlise, Engand Contemporary Art in a psychology of Art, Univery. A Very Short Introduced and the Eye, Phaid Illusion, Phaidon ed.,	or Greece, AICARC Center, versity of California Press, ection, Oxford University Press, don ed., 1986.			

Assessment							
		Examinations	50%				
		On-going evaluation	50%				
	Students may choose to present a written assignment related to the in-situ visits to museums and/or archaeological/historical sites [it corresponds to 30% of the on-going evaluation].						
Language	English						